Who Values More for Bed and Breakfast's Aesthetic Experience?

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Abstract

As the society gradually evolves toward the experience economy, more and more people pay attention to the tourists? If so, do different type of tourists value same B&B attribute differently? The As the society gradually evolves toward the experience economy, more and more people pay attention to the aesthetic experience matter to the tourists. It so, do different type of tourists value same beep attention to the aesthetic experience matter to the tourists. It so, do different type of tourists value same beep attention to the aesthetic experience matter to the tourists. It so, do different type of tourists value same beep attention to the aesthetic experience of products. With beep attention to the aesthetic experience to the tourists. It so, do different type of tourists value same beep attention to the aesthetic experience of products. With beep attention to the aesthetic experience in preference of this research is twofold. First of all, we explored B&B's attributes; secondly, we utilized the hedonic price theory to explore the differences in preference for B&B's attributes among various market segmentations. The study object was tourist of Sun-Moon-Lake National Scenic Area in Nantou County, aged 18 or up, who spent the night in a B&B in YuChih Township the night prior survey. Total 385 valid samples were obtained. The results indicate that the B&B's attribute consists of 6 dimensions, and they were Service, Basic function, Architecture & interior design, Scenery & landscape, Destination accessibility and Convenient transportation. The B&B market were segmented by travel companion, leisure expense, and booking status. The findings revealed that, by travel companion, tourists as couple or husband-and-wife without children are willing to pay more for Scenery & landscape, Architecture & interior design, away-from-route 21, while other tourists are willing to pay more for Scenery & landscape, while other tourists with higher leisure expenses are willing to pay more for Scenery & landscape, while other tourists with lower leiser for Scenery & landscape, while other tourists with lower leiser for Scenery & landscape, while other tourists with lower leiser for Scenery & landscape, while other tourists with sults show that tourists with prior booking are willing to pay more for Scenery & landscape, and being inside commercial district. In sum, tourists of different market segments value same **B&B** attribute differently.

Keywords: aesthetic experience, market segmentation, hedonic price, bed and breakfast

Introduction

B&B has become the fastest growing type of accommodation in Taiwan. Compared to hotel, bed and breakfast (B&B) tends to offer tourists diverse accommodation experiences, including aesthetic ones. As Taiwan's society gradually evolved toward the experience economy, more and more people pay attention to the aesthetic aspects of products. Will B&B's aesthetic experience matter to the tourists? If so, do different type of tourists value same B&B attribute differently? According to the hedonic price theory, a positive significant relationship between room rate and a B&B attribute indicates that the consumers value this attribute positively and favorably, and are willing to pay more for this particular attribute, and vice versa. Consequently, the purpose of this research is twofold:

1. to explore B&B's attributes; 2. to explore the differences in preference for B&B attributes among various market segmentations by applying the hedonic price theory.

Methodology

Based on the purpose of research, the hypothesis (H) of the research is: B&B attributes would affect price of a B&B. The questionnaire consisted of four sections. The first section regards room rate, room type, and content of services without surcharge (e.g. breakfast, station pick-up). The second section consisted of 41 questions on the performance of B&B attributes. The third section consisted of 9 questions on travel and accommodation related characteristics. The fourth section consisted of 9 questions on socio-demographic characteristics. Moreover, the researchers utilized google map to measure the distance of a sampled B&B to County Route 21 and to locate whether a B&B sit within ShuiSheh or Der-HuaSheh business districts.

The study object is tourist of Sun-Moon-Lake National Scenic Area in Nantou County, aged 18 or up, who spent the night in a B&B in YuChih Township the night prior survey. The survey was conducted during weekends from Oct. 3-Dec. 27, 2008, to eliminate weekday/weekend fluctuation of room rate. Total 385 valid samples were obtained. Exploratory factor analysis was applied to extract dimensions of B&B attributes. Semi-logarithm multiple linear regression analysis was chosen to establish the hedonic price model for three major B&B market segmentations.

Results

The samples were mostly single (54.9%), young (48.1% age 19-29), well-educated (82.7% received at least undergraduate education), reside in central (42.1%) or northern (37.0%) regions, monthly family income NT\$30K~\$80K (USD\$1~\$2.5K) (56.1%), monthly family leisure expenses NT\$3K~\$10K (US\$0.1K~\$0.3K) (61.5%), book in advance (84.8%), travel as couple (29.9%) or with nuclear family members (27.2%), choose 2 bedroom (62.7%), internet as information channel (61.7%), automobile as means of transportation (73.1%), room with private bath (92.8%), non-package tour (62.1%), B&B located inside business district (51.3%).

Utilizing the exploratory factor analysis (EFA), the results indicate that the B&B's attribute consists of 6 dimensions. They were Service, Basic function, Architecture & interior design, Scenery & landscape, Destination accessibility and Convenient transportation with high KMO value (.915), significant Bartlett Test of Sphericity (6748.129, p=.000), and high explained variance (70.03%).

The dependent variable is the logarithm of room price per night actually paid to a B&B in YuChih County by a tourist visiting Sun-Moon-Lake National Scenic Area. We considered both qualitative and quantitative characteristics of B&B. The qualitative characteristics that may affect price are the 6 dimensions of B&B attributes, distance to county route 21. The quantitative characteristics include 4 dummy variables of location of B&B, room type, private bath, package tour of each B&B. A list of the dependent variable and all explanatory variables used in the research is presented in Table 2.

The B&B market were segmented by travel companion (Model A-1, A-2), leisure expense (Model B-1, B-2), and booking status (Model C-1, C-2). First of all, considering travel companion market segmentation, the findings revealed that both types of tourists are willing to pay similar amount to Scenery & landscape, however, couple or spouse only tourists are willing to pay significantly more to Architecture & interior design but not for their counterpart. Moreover, while noncouple or nonspouse only tourists are willing to pay significantly more for a B&B located inside the business district, the couple and spouse only tourist are willing to pay more for a B&B being away from County Route 21. In short, the couple or spouse only tourists appreciated more for B&B's aesthetic attributes and quiet environment, while the noncouple or nonspouse tourists cared beautiful scenery and outdoor setting more than the interior setting of a B&B, and prefer bustling air.

Secondly, considering family leisure expenses segmentation, the finding revealed that tourists with higher leisure expenses are willing to pay more to Scenery & landscape than those with lower leisure expenses. In addition, tourists with lower leisure expenses are willing to pay more for a B&B being inside business district, but not for those with higher leisure expenses. In short, tourists with higher leisure expenses value more for B&B's aesthetic attributes, while those with lower leisure expenses prefer bustling air.

Lastly, considering booking status segmentation, the results show that tourists without prior booking are willing to pay significantly more for Scenery & landscape than those with prior booking. Moreover, tourists without prior booking are willing to pay more for a B&B located inside business district, but this is not the case for the tourists with prior booking. In short, tourists without prior booking value more for scenery and

Conlusions and Suggestions

In sum, tourists of different market segments value same B&B attribute differently. Generally speaking, tourists come as couple or spouse only, or have higher leisure budgets appreciate a B&B's aesthetic attributes more than those who come as noncouple or nonspouse only, or have lower leisure budgets. Tourists come as noncouple or nonspouse only or have lower leisure budgets, on contrary, appreciate a B&B being immersed in joyful bustling air than those come as couple or spouse only or have higher leisure expenses. Although most of the tourists tend to book a B&B in advance, the B&B with beautiful scenery and landscape which can easily be seen by drive-by tourists or sit within business district tend to have higher probably to attract the tourist without prior booking.

The findings suggests that if the target customers of a B&B's owner is couple or spouse only tourists, or high leisure budgets tourists, beside well functions and good service, he also need to provide excellent scenery or pleasant, beautiful, or stylish environment design. If the target customers of a B&B's owner is noncouple or nonspouse only tourists, or low leisure budgets tourists, beside well functions and good service, it would be a plus if he locate B&B inside business district for tourists to shop and to enjoy bustling night life.

			ABLE 1	CS (M. 225)		TABLE 2 EXPI	LORATORY FA		ALYSIS RESULTS	OF PREFE	ERENCE FO	R B&B'S
		TATISTICS OF S	AMPLE CHARACTERISTI				1. 4		BUTES (<i>N</i> =335)	· D2 · · · · ·		
Variable	Frequency	%	Variable	Frequency	%	Preference for B&B's att		Factor loading	Preference for B&	's attribu	utes	Factor loading
Sex			Occupation			NONAESTHETIC ATTR		loading	705 respect to	customer		.733
Female	169	50.4	Professional	101	30.1	BASIC FUNCTION			704 efficiency			.717
Male	166	49.6	Service	69	20.6	605 facility & equipm	nent in	.851	701 feel-at-ho			.623
Marriage			Civil servant	36	10.7	bathroom			CONVENIENT 7	RANSPO	RTATION	
Single	184	54.9	Student	26	7.8	604 appliance s inside	e the room	.800	101 clear sign	post along	the way	.868
Married	148	44.2	Housekeeping	21	6.3	603 furnishings inside		.798	102 convenier	•		.715
Other	3	0.9	Retired or unemployed	13	3.9	606 bathroom consun		.749	AESTHETICS A			
Age			Other	69	20.6	602 neatness		.703	ARCHITECTUR	E & INTEI	RIOR	
19-29	161	48.1	Monthly family income (N			601 cleanness DESTINATION ACCES	SIBII ITV	.655	DESIGN 302 uniquenes	s of buildi	ng appearan	ce .854
30-39	101	30.4	30,000 or less	57	17.0	105 convenient to nea		.854	303 beautifulr		• • • •	
40-49	50	14.9		108	32.2	destinations			301 beautifulr		•	
			30,001~50,000			104 convenient to pla	nned	.834	305 ambiance			.613
50 or more	22	6.6	50,001~80,000	80	23.9	destinations			LANDSCAPE DI	ESIGN & S	SCENERY	
Level of education			80,001~150,000	70	20.9	103 convenient to par	k vehicles	.546	202 scenery v	iewed from	n outside the	.887
High-school	58	17.3	150,001 or more	20	6.0	SERVICE			room			
Undergraduate	202	60.3	Monthly family leisure exp	enses (NT\$)		501 kindness		.872	201 scenery v	iewed from	n inside the	.821
Graduate	75	22.4	3,000 or less	71	21.2	503 consideration 703 sincerity		.828 .812	room 203 quiet and	nleasant	nvironmont	.644
Residence			3,001~5,000	117	34.9	502 humanity self-cul	ltivation	.812	205 quiet and	pleasant er	nvironment	.044
Northern region	124	37.0	5,001~10,000	89	26.6	$N=355$, Cronbach's $\alpha=.78$			ificance test: $\gamma^2/300$). <i>N</i> =335)=	6454.377,	$p < .000 \circ Princip$
Central region	141	42.1	10,001~20,000	38	11.3	component analysis with		_		, ,	,	r r
Southern region	67	20.0	20,001 or more	20	6.0		C					
Eastern region or Other	3	0.9										
Prior booking			Information channel					OF VARIA	BLES AND SUMMAI			
Yes	284	84.8	Internet	207	61.7	Variable	Description			Mean	SD	Type of variable/attribute
No	51	15.2	Word-of-mouth	61	18.2	Dependent variable						
Travel companion		10.2	Books/magazine	15	4.5	Ln(Price\$)	Natural logarith	m of room pri	ice per night actually	8.13	.418	Continuous
Couple	100	29.9	Drive through	29	8.7		paid					
	36	10.7	Other	29	6.9	Explanatory variables						
Spouse				25	0.9	Nonaesthetic attributes	Dimension	mica		01	0056	Continue
Spouse & kids	55	16.5	Means of transportation	0.47	70.1	Service Basic function	Dimension of se Dimension of ba			01 .00	.0956 .983	Continuous Continuous
Extended family	44	13.1	Automobile	245	73.1	Convenient	Dimension of tra		convenience	.00 04	1.077	Continuous
Friend	50	14.9	Motorcycle	28	8.4	transportation						
Student/Colleague	e 46	13.7	Tour bus	23	6.9	Destination accessibility	Dimension of de	estination con	venience	.02	.997	Continuous
Self	4	1.2	Other Business district	39	11.6	Business district			h or DerHuaSheh	.56	.498	Dummy
Room type							business district	(1=yes; 0=nc))			
2 bedroom	210	62.7	Inside	172	51.3	<u>Aesthetic attributes</u> Architecture &	Dimension of sp	ace design		01	.986	Continuous
4 bedroom	125	37.3	Outside	163	48.7	interior design		ace uesigli		01	.900	Commuous
Bath			Distance to county route 21			Landscape design &	Dimension of la	ndscape & en	vironment	.07	.976	Continuous
Room w/out bath	24	7.2	150m or less	155	46.3	scenery						
Room with bath	311	92.8	150~300m	69	20.6	Controlling variables						
			300~700m	58	17.3	Room w/ private bath	Room with prive			.95		Dummy
Package tour				24	10.1	Distance	Distance to Cou	nty Route 21		700.68	1389.565	Interval
P ackage tour Yes	127	37.9	700~3,000m	34	10.1	2 bedroom	2 bedroom (1=2	hading	(hadrease)	.58	100	Dummy

TABLE 4 MULTIPLE REGRESSION BY TYPE OF TRAVEL COMPANION: Ln(PRICE PER NIGHT)					GHT)	TABLE 5 MULTIPLE REGRESSION BY LEISURE EXPENSES: Ln(PRICE PER NIGHT) AS A						TABLE 6 MULTIPLE REGRESSION			
	AS A FUNCT	TON OF CHA	ARACTERIS	TICS (<i>N</i> =335)				FUNCTION (OF CHARAC	CTERISTICS ((N=335)				FUNCTION OF
Dependent variable	Model A-1: Couple or spouse only		Model A-2: Noncouple or nonspouse only		Dependent variable Ln(Price\$)	Model B-1: Family leisure expenses > \$5,000 NTD per month		Model B-2: Family leisure expenses < \$5,000 NTD per month			Dependent variable Ln(Price\$)	Model C-1: With			
Ln(Price\$)												Unstandar-			
	Unstandar- dized coefficient	Standar- dized coefficient	<i>p</i> -value	Unstandar- dized coefficient	Standar- dized coefficient	<i>p</i> -value		Unstandar- dized coefficient	Standar- dized coefficient	<i>p</i> -value	Unstandar- dized coefficient	Standar- dized coefficient	<i>p</i> -value	Variable	dized coefficient co B
Variable	В	Beta	р	В	Beta	р	Variable	В	Beta	р	В	Beta	р	Nonaesthetic Attributes	
Nonaesthetic Attributes							Nonaesthetic Attributes							Basic function	022
Basic function	014	030	.712	.023	.056	.388	Basic function	.004	.009	.898	003	007	.922	Convenient transportation	.008
Convenient transportation	014	029	.726	.025	.062	.342	Convenient transportation	006	016	.833	.042	.090	.190	Destination accessibility	017
Destination accessibility	021	046	.578	016	038	.547	Destination accessibility	.064	.152	.054	078	183	.008**	Service	056
Service	068	132	.119	041		.103	Service	063	143	.065	072	172	.014	Business district	.085
Business district	.097	.102	.262	.177	.219	.002**	Business district	.078	.093	.279	.153	.177	.020*	Aesthetic Attributes	
Aesthetic Attributes							Aesthetic Attributes							Architecture & interior	.045
Architecture & interior	.095	.172	.033*	.038	.103	.110	Architecture & interior	.048	.112	.129	.055	.130	.055	design	.0+3
design	.099	210	.012*	.093	221	.000***	design							Landscape design & scenery	.068
Landscape design & scenery	.099	.210	.012*	.093	.231	.000***	Scenery & landscape	.119	.278	.000***	.084	.199	.004**		.008
Controlling Variable							Controlling Variable							Controlling Variable	
Room w/ private bath	.327	.143	.090	.050	.036	589	Room w/ private bath	071	039	.607	.134	.087	.215	Room w/ private bath	.128
Distance	.000	.219	.020*	.000		.457	Distance	.000	.138	.099	.000	.061	.414	Distance	.000
2 bedroom	264	153	.068	256		.000***	2 bedroom	222	263	.000***	197	216	.002**	2 bedroom	234
Package tour	.334	.347	.000***	.058	.069	.291	Package tour	.264	.302	.000***	.100	.113	.109	Package tour	.169
(Constant)	(7.666)	_	.000	(8.007)	_	.000	(Constant)	(8.147)	—	.000	(7.829)	—	.000	(Constant)	(7.913)
<i>F</i> value	3.506			5.765			F value	4.940			4.760			<i>F</i> value	5.762
Adjusted R^2	.170			.209			Adjusted R^2	.229			.181			Adjusted R^2	.156
Number of observations	136			199			Number of observations	147			188			Number of observations	284
%	40.6%			59.4%			%	43.9%			56.1%			%	84.8%



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CHARACTERISTICS (N=335))								
ior boo	king	Model C-2:	Model C-2: Without prior booking					
andar- dized ficient	<i>p</i> -value	Unstandar- dized coefficient	Standar- dized coefficient	<i>p</i> -value				
Beta	р	В	Beta	р				
049	.374	.037	.086	.524				
.019	.734	.066	.140	.261				
042	.444	.059	.104	.403				
134	.018	113	213	.120				
.101	.097	.406	.383	.007**				
.108	.051	.041	.076	.550				
.161	.004**	.252	.498	.000***				
.080	.156	053	025	.832				
.111	.075	.000	.223	.107				
271	.000***	230	214	.083				
.197	.001***	.221	.199	.116				
—	.000	(7.896)	—	.000				
		4.281						
		.419						
		51						

